ONE HOPE CENTRE

[Unique Entity No. T04SS0143E] [IPC No. IPC000793] [Registered under the Registrar of Societies]

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

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STATEMENT BY THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

In the opinion of the Management Committee, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 5 to 20 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Society as at 31 December 2013 and of its results of financial activities, the changes in funds and cash flows of the Society for the year then ended.

At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Society will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Management Committee, comprising the following, authorised the issue of these financial statements on

1 8 MAR 2014

President

Christopher Chuah Chee Kian

Vice President

James Lim Choon Liang

Honorary Secretary

Lui Yuan Tze Lee Chee Ming

Treasurer Member

Chai Shung Chee Chua Buan Her

Member Member

Suzann Sing Siew Eng

Member Member Leong Lai Hoong

Chua Carolina Tang

For and on behalf of the Management Committee,

Christopher Chuah Chee Kian

President

Lee Chee Ming Treasurer

Singapore,

18 MAR 2014

Fiducia LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants of Singapore

1 Goldhill Plaza, #03-35 Podium Block, Singapore 308899. T: (65) 6846.8376 F: (65) 6725.8161 Independent auditors' report to the members of:

ONE HOPE CENTRE

[UNIQUE ENTITY No. T04SS0143E] [IPC No. IPC000793] [Registered under the Societies Act (Chapter 311) in the Republic of Singapore]

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **ONE HOPE CENTRE** (the "Society") set out on pages 5 to 20, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the statement of financial activities, the statement of changes in funds and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Societies Act (Chapter 311), Charities Act (Chapter 37) and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair profit and loss accounts and balance sheets and to maintain accountability of assets.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Fiducia LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants of Singapore

1 Goldhill Plaza, #03-35 Podium Block, Singapore 308899. T: (65) 6846.8376 F: (65) 6725.8161 (CONT'D)

Independent auditors' report to the members of:

ONE HOPE CENTRE

[UNIQUE ENTITY No. T04SS0143E] [IPC No. IPC000793] [Registered under the Societies Act (Chapter 311) in the Republic of Singapore]

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Societies Act (Chapter 311), Charities Act (Chapter 37) and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Society as at 31 December 2013, and the results, changes in funds and cash flows of the Society for the financial year ended on that date.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the regulations enacted under the Societies Act (Chapter 311) to be kept by the Society have been properly kept in accordance with those regulations.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that the 30% cap mentioned in Regulation 15(1) of the Charities Act, Cap. 37 (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations 2007 and as amended by Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) (Amendments) Regulations 2008 has been exceeded.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that donation moneys are used for disbursements other than those in accordance with the objectives of the Society.

Fiducia LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore,

1 8 MAR 2014

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Note	2013 S\$	2012 S\$
ASSETS			
Current assets Cash and bank balances Other receivables	4 5	104,642 11,734	198,085 8,546 206,631
		116,376	200,031
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	6	53,974	59,300
Total assets		170,350	265,931
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities Other payables and accruals	7	6,896	8,361
Total liabilities		6,896	8,361
NET ASSETS		163,454	257,570
FUNDS			
Unrestricted Accumulated general fund		160,254	251,670
Restricted			
Lifeboat fund Women's ministry fund		2,000 1,200	4,700 1,200
Women's ministry fund		3,200	5,900
		163,454	257,570

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

		Unrestricted	Restri	cted	Total
No	ote	Accumulated general fund	Lifeboat fund	Women's ministry	Unrestricted and restricted funds
		S\$	S\$	fund S\$	S\$
2013 INCOME					
Voluntary income					
Donation from members		8,700	0	0	8,700
Donation from churches		46,417	ŏ	Ö	46,417
Donation from organisation		108,000	Ō	0	108,000
Other donation		44,590	0	0	44,590
		207,707	0	0	207,707
Income from charitable activities					
Sales of books		2,742	0	0	2,742
VCF subsidy		463	0	0	463
Love gift income		120	0	00	120
		3,325	0	0	3,325
Other income					
Other income		11,161	0	0	11,161_
Total income		222,193	0	0	222,193
EXPENDITURE					
Cost of charitable activities					
Event management		254	0	0	254
Family day expenses		2491	0	0	2491
Lifeboat fund expense		0	2,700	0	2,700
Love gifts		850	0	0	850
Printing and stationery		1,188	0	0	1,188
Rent		32,466	0	0	32,466
Staff CPF		20,663	0	0 0	20,663
Staff medical fee		8,140 184,764	0 0	0	8,140 184,764
Staff salary		•	0	0	5,825
Staff AWS Utilities		5,825 4,993	0	0	4,993
Volunteers misc expense		2,783	0	0	2,783
Volunteers appreciation		4,025	0	Ö	4,025
Totalicosio approgration		269,238	2,700	0	271,938

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013 (CONT'D)

		Unrestricted	Restri	cted	Total
	Note	Accumulated general fund	Lifeboat fund S\$	Women's ministry fund S\$	Unrestricted and restricted funds S\$
2013			- 4	- 1	
Governance and other administrative costs					
Accounting fee		1,900	0	0	1,900
Audit fee		2,675	0	0	2,675
Bank charges		90	0	0	90
Condolences expenses		173	0	0	173
Depreciation	6	10,242	0	0	10,242
General expenses		188	0	0	188
Insurance		346	0	0	346
Legal & professional fees		546	0	0	546
Leasing of photocopier		1,862	0	0	1,862
Membership fee		876	0	0	876
Office cleaning		1,832	0	0	1,832
Postage		775	0	0	775
Publication		4,610	0	0	4,610
Refreshment		1,097	0	0	1,097
Repair & maintenance		2,329	0	0	2,329
Telecom charges		2,467	0	0	2,467
Training expenses		6,835	0	0	6,835
Transport		110	0	0	110
Upkeep of motor vehicle		3,978	0	0	3,978
Website hosting		1,440	0	0	1,440
3		44,371	0	0	44,371
Total expenditure		313,609	2,700	0	316,309
Net (expenditure)		(91,416)	(2700)	0	(94,116)
Total fund brought forward		251,670	<u>4,700</u>	1,200	<u>257,570</u>
Total fund brought forward		160,254	2,000	1,200	163,454

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013 (CONT'D)

(CONT'D)				Tatal
	Unrestricted		tricted	Total
	Accumulated	Lifeboat	Women's	Unrestricted and
Note		fund	ministry fund	restricted funds
	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
2012				
INCOME				
Voluntary income				
Donations from non-voting members	157,395	0	0	157,395
	157,395	0	0	157,395
Income from charitable activities				
Sales of books	930	0	0	930
			0	16,830
Course fee received	16,830	0		
	17,760	0	0	17,760
Other income				
Jobs credits	4,795	0	0	4,795
Membership fee	700	0	0	700
Other income	0	200	0_	200_
	5,495	200	0	5,695
Total income	180,650	200	0	180,850
EXPENDITURE				
Cost of charitable activities				
Family day expenses	1,350	0	0	1,350
Honorarium	1,380	0	Ö	1,380
	•		0	99
Love gifts	99	0		
Printing and stationery	3,936	0	0	3,936
Rent	32,466	0	0	32,466
Staff CPF	17,274	0	0	17,274
Staff medical fee	440	0	0	440
Staff salary	151,619	0	0	151,619
Utilities	5,097	0	0	5,097
	213,661	0	0	213,661
Governance and other administrative costs				
Accounting fee	1,500	0	0	1,500
Audit fee	2,500	Ö	ő	2,500
	60	0	0	60
Bank charges		-		398
Condolences expenses	398	0	0	
Depreciation 6	9,933	0	0	9,933
General expenses	707	0	0	707
Insurance	5,603	0	0	5,603
Leasing of photocopier	1,862	0	0	1,862
Postage	156	0	0	156
Refreshment	430	0	0	430
Repair & maintenance	271	0	0	271
Telecom charges	3,114	Ō	0	3,114
Training expenses	10,397	ŏ	Ŏ	10,397
Transport	55	Ö	Ö	55
University of meter vehicle			0	2,959
Upkeep of motor vehicle	2,959	0		
	39,945	0	0	39,945
Total expenditure	253,606	0	0	253,606
Not /own on ditums) /!	(72.056)	200		(72.756)
Net (expenditure)/income	(72,956)	200	. 0	(72,756)
Total fund brought forward	324,626	4,500	1,200	330,326
Total fund brought forward	251,670	4,700	1,200	257,570

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Balance at beginning of financial year S\$	Net (expenditure) for the year S\$	Balance at end of financial year S\$
2013			
Unrestricted fund			
Accumulated general fund	251,670	(91,416)	160,254
Restricted funds - Lifeboat fund	4,700	(2,700)	2,000
– Women's Ministry Fund	1,200 5,900	(2,700)	1,200 3,200
	257,570	(94,116)	163,454
	Balance at beginning of financial year S\$	Net (expenditure)/ income for the year S\$	Balance at end of financial year S\$
2012			
Unrestricted fund			
Accumulated general fund	324,626	(72,956)	251,670
Restricted funds - Lifeboat fund	4,500	200	4,700
- Women's Ministry Fund	1,200 5,700	200	1,200 5,900
	330,326	(72,756)	257,570

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2013 S\$	2012 S\$
Net (expenditure)		(94,116)	(72,756)
Adjustments for:			` ', '
- Income tax		0	0
- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	6	10,242	9,933
Operating cash flow before working capital changes		(83,874)	(62,823)
Changes in working capital			
- Other receivables		(3,188)	5,486
- Other payables and accruals		(1,465)	(5,768)
Cash (expended by) / generated from operations		(88,527)	(63,105)
Income tax paid		0	0_
Net cash (used in) / provided by operating			
activities		(88,527)	(63,105)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	6	(4,916)	(1,646)
Net cash used in investing activities		(4,916)	(1,646)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash			
equivalents		(93,443)	(64,751)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		198,085	262,836
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	4	104,642	198,085
Cash and bank balances comprise:			
Cash on hand		730	383
Cash at bank		103,912	197,702
	4	104,642	198,085

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General information

One Hope Centre (the "Society") was registered on 07 August 2004 under the Societies Act (Chapter 311). The Society is a charity registered under the Charities Act since 12 November 2010.

The Society's registered address and principal place of business is at 8 New Industrial Road #04-04B, LHK 3 Building, Singapore 536200.

One Hope Centre is a voluntary welfare organization, which seeks to assist members of the public who as a result of gambling are:

- Facing difficulties managing their finances due to their inability to pay creditors.
- Harassed by unlicensed moneylenders due to their inability to meet regular payments.
- Finding difficulties making ends meet due to loss of employment and having to settle for a lesser paying job.

The Society has been accorded the Institutions of a Public Character ("IPC") status for the period from 1 August 2013 to 31 July 2015.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with FRS requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Society's accounting policies. It also requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2010

The Society has adopted the new or revised FRS and Interpretations to FRS (INT FRS) that are mandatory for application from that date. Changes to the Society's accounting policies have been made as required, in accordance with the relevant transitional provisions in the respective FRS and INT FRS. The following are the FRS and INT FRS that are relevant to the Society:

<u>FRS</u>	Effective Date	<u>Title</u>
FRS 1	1.1.2009	Presentation of financial statements
FRS 7	1.1.2009	Cash flow statements
FRS 8	1.1.2009	Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors
FRS 10	1.1.2007	Events after the balance sheet date
FRS 16	1.1.2009	Property, plant and equipment
FRS 17	1.1.2007	Leases

FR	<u>s</u>	Effective Date	<u>Title</u>
FRS	5 18	1.1.2005	Revenue
FRS	5 19	1.1.2009	Employee benefits
FRS	5 32	1.2.2007	Financial instruments: Presentation
FRS	5 32	1.2.2009	Financial instruments: Presentation (Amendments)
FRS	36	1.1.2009	Impairment of assets
FRS	37	1.1.2006	Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets
FRS	39	1.1.2005	Financial instruments: recognition and measurement
FRS	5 107	1.1.2009	Financial instruments: Disclosures

The adoption of the above revised FRS did not result in any substantial changes to the Company's accounting policies.

2.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the services rendered in the ordinary course of the Society's activities. Revenue is recognised as follows:

2.2.1 Government grants

Government grants are recognized as income in the financial statements over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate on a systematic basis.

2.2.2 Donations

Unrestricted donations are reported as income. The timing of income recognition is governed by the donor's intent. If the donor is silent, the donation is recognized as income in the year made. The timing of income recognition for restricted donations is the same as for unrestricted donations.

2.2.3 Jobs credit scheme

The Jobs Credit scheme is government's cash grants paid to employers to help them preserve jobs. The grant is recognised on receipt basis.

2.3 Property, plant and equipment

2.3.1 Measurement

All property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and any costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

2.3.2 Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Useful lives
Computers Motor Vehicle Furniture & fittings Renovation	5 years 10 years 10 years 10 years
	· ·

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each statement of financial position date. The effects of any revision of the residual values and useful lives are included in the statement of financial activities for the financial year in which the changes arise.

2.3.3 Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Society and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Other subsequent expenditure is recognised as repair and maintenance expenses in the statement of financial activities during the financial year in which it is incurred.

2.3.4 Disposal

On disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net disposals proceeds and its carrying amount is taken to the statement of financial activities.

2.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever there is any indication that these assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use) of the assets is estimated to determine the amount of impairment loss.

For the purpose of impairment testing of the assets, recoverable amount is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

2. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

2.4 Impairment of non-financial assets (Cont'd)

An impairment loss for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the assets' recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of an asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss for an asset is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

2.5 Fair value estimation financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of current financial assets and liabilities, carried at amortised cost, are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

2.6 Other payables and accruals

Other payables and accruals are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

2.7 Provisions for other liabilities and charges

Provisions for other liabilities and charges are recognised when the Society has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

2.8 Operating leases

Leases of assets in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are taken to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognized as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

Rental on operating lease is charged to income statement. Contingent rents are recognized as an expense in the income statement in the financial year in which they are incurred.

2.9 Currency translation

Transactions denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollar ('foreign currency") are translated into Singapore Dollar using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Currency translation gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the closing rate at the statement of financial position date of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of financial activities.

2.10 Financial assets

2.10.1 Classification

The Society classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except those maturing later than 12 months after the statement of financial position date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified within "Other receivables" on the statement of financial position.

2.10.2 Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Society has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

2.10.3 Measurement

Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs.

Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortized cost using effective interest method. Financial assets, available-for-sale, are subsequently carried at fair value.

2.10.4 Impairment

The Society assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

Loans and receivables

An allowance for impairment of loans and receivables including trade and other receivables, is recognized when there is objective evidence that the Society will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

2.11 Employee compensation

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Society pays fixed contributions into separate entities such as the Central Provident Fund ("CPF"), on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Society has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The Society's contribution to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee compensation expense when they are due. Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits with financial institution. Cash and cash equivalents are classified within "cash and bank balances" on the statement of financial position.

2.13 Related parties

Related parties are entities with one or more common management committee members, or in which a committee member has a direct or indirect financial interest. Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions.

3. Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3.1 Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the statement of financial position date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Society reviews annually the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on factors such as business plans and strategies, expected level of usage and future technological developments. It is possible that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in these estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever there is any indication that the assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use) of the assets is estimated to determine the impairment loss. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the growth rates, and expected change to selling price and direct costs during the year and a suitable discount rate.

4.	Cash and bank balances		
•••		2013	2012
		S\$	S\$
	Cash in hand	730	383
	Cash at bank	103,912	197,702
		104,642	198,085

At the statement of financial position date, the carrying amounts of cash and bank balances approximated their fair values.

5. Other receivables

	2013 S\$	2012 S\$
Deposits	5,467	5,467
Prepayment	6,267	2,609
Other	0	470
	11,734_	8,546

At the statement of financial position date, the carrying amounts of other receivables approximated their fair values.

6. Property, plant and equipment

Tropology pranticular equipment				
	Balance at beginning of	Additions	(Disposals)	Balance ay end of
	year			year
2013	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
Cost			- 4	
Computers	9,525	1,460	0	10,985
Motor vehicle	33,258	0	0	33,258
Furniture & fittings	7,680	3,456	Ō	11,136
Renovation	39,344	0	0	39,344
	89,807	4,916	0	94,723
Accumulated depreciation	Balance at	Depreciation	(Written	Balance at
Accumulated acpreciation	beginning of	charge	back/off)	end of
	year	alarge	buony only	Year
	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
Computers	6,423	1,868	0	8,291
Motor vehicle	9,978	3,326	0	13,304
Furniture & fittings	2,304	1,114	0	3,418
Renovation	11,802	3,934	. 0	15,736
	30,507	10,242	0	40,749
Net book value	Balance at			Balance at
	beginning of			end of
	year			year
•	S\$			S\$
Computers	3,102			2,694
Motor vehicle	23,280			19,954
Furniture & fittings	5,376			7,718
Renovation	27,542			23,608
	59,300		-	53,974

6. Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

•	-			
	Balance at beginning of year	Additions	(Disposals)	Balance ay end of year
2012	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
Cost		- 1		- 1
Computers	7,879	1,646	0	9,525
Motor vehicle	33,258	, O	0	33,258
Furniture & fittings	7,680	0	0	7,680
Renovation	39,344	0	Ō	39,344
	88,161	0	0	89,807
Accumulated depreciation	Balance at	Depreciation	(Written	Balance at
	beginning of	charge	back/off)	end of
	year		, ,	year
	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
Computers	4,518	1,905	. 0	6,423
Motor vehicle	6,652	3,326	0	9,978
Furniture & fittings	1,536	768	0	2,304
Renovation	7,868	3,934	Ō	11,802
	20,574	9,933	0	30,507
Net book value	Balance at			Balance at
	beginning of			end of
	year			year
	S\$			S\$
Computers	3,361			3,102
Motor vehicle	26,606			23,280
Furniture & fittings	6,144			5,376
Renovation	31,476			27,542
	67,587		· -	59,300
			=	

7. Other payables and accruais

	2013 S\$	2012 S\$
Accruals	6,896	8,361

At the statement of financial position date, the carrying amounts of other payables and accruals approximated their fair values.

8. Income tax expense

The Society is a charity registered under the Charities Act since 12 November 2010. Consequently, the income of the Society is exempt from tax under the provisions of Section 13 of the Income Tax Act Cap. 134 from 12 November 2010.

9. Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation for the financial year is as follows:

	2013 S\$	2012 S\$
Number of key management in remuneration bands		
S\$100,000 to S\$150,000	0	0

10. Operating lease agreement

As at the statement of financial position date, the Society has commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2013 S\$	2012 S\$
Not later than one year	15,234	34,328
Later than one year but not later than five years	0	15,234
	15,234	49,562

The above operating lease commitments are based on known rental rates as at the date of this report and do not include any revision in rates which may be determined by the lessor.

11. Financial risk management

The Society's activities expose it to minimal financial risks and overall risk management is determined and carried out by the management committee on an informal basis.

(i) Liquidity risk

The Society manages its liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and bank balances deemed adequate by the management committee to fund the Society's operations.

(ii) Credit risk

The Society has minimal exposure to credit risks due to the nature of its activities.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Society's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available in the market. Surplus funds are placed with reputable banks.

(iv) Foreign currency risk

The Society does not engage in trading of or speculation in foreign currencies and does not have any financial instruments that are exposed to significant foreign currency risks.

The responsibility for managing the above risks is vested in the Management Committee.

Fair values

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements of the Society approximate their fair values.

12. Authorisation of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Management Committee on $1.8\,\,\text{MAR}\,\,2014$